

The amplifier is based on the TDA7385 integrated circuit. It is a power amplifier operating in the AB class with a power output of 35 W per channel. The amplifier module board has mute and off connectors.

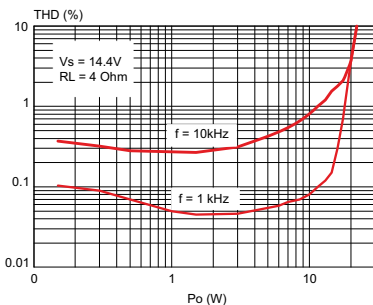
### Specifications

- output power 4×35 W ( $R_L=4\ \Omega$ ,  $V_{cc}=14V$ )
- short circuit, overheat and overvoltage protection
- stand-by and mute inputs
- power supply voltage 12-18V DC

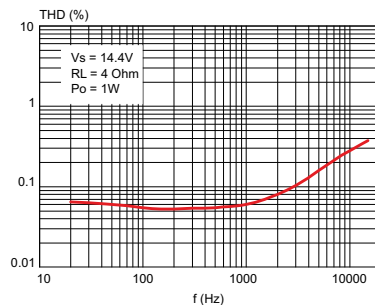
### Functional description

The TDA7385 chip has low distortion and low noise. Figure 1 and Figure 2 show the distortion characteristics as a function of output power and signal frequency. Figure 3 shows the

schematic diagram of the amplifier. The TDA7385 integrated circuit is intended mainly for car amplifiers.



**Figure 1.** Distortion vs. output power



**Figure 2.** Distortion vs. frequency



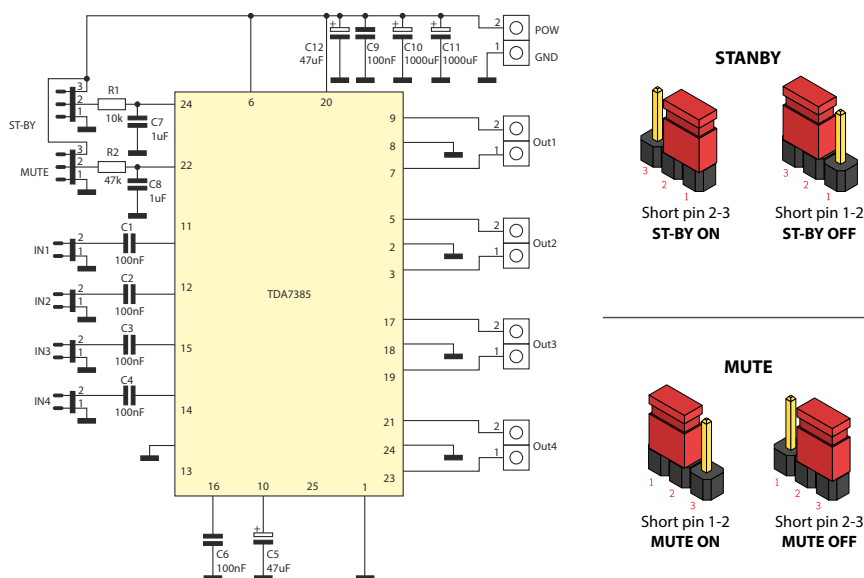


Figure 3. Schematic diagram

## Assembly and test

The amplifier contains a small number of elements. Its assembly should not cause difficulties even for novice electronics. After the assembly, the amplifier is ready for operation. To switch it on, the ST-BY and MUTE terminals should be shorted to ground. The C5 and C12

capacitors should be soldered at the end, after screwing the heat sink, because mounting them may make it difficult to install the heat sink. The amplifier can be loaded with a speaker of 4Ω or greater. It must be supplied with voltage from the 12-18 V DC range.

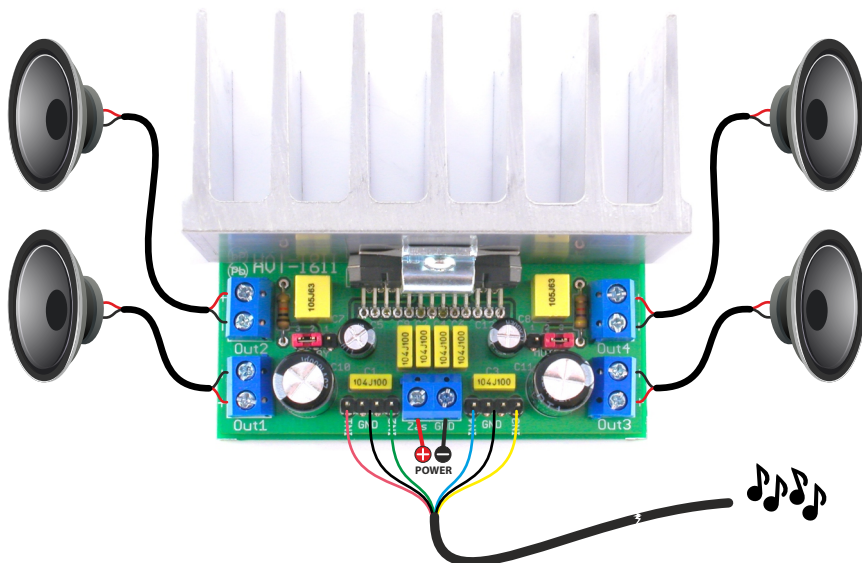


Figure 4. Connexion example

# Component list

## Resistors:

R1: .....10kΩ (brown-black-orange-gold)

R2: .....47kΩ (yellow-violet-orange-gold)

## Capacitors:

C1-C4, C6, C9: ...100nF (also marked as 104)

C5, C12: .....47μF !

C7, C8: .....1μF (also marked as 105)

C10, C11: .....1000μF !

## Semiconductors:

US1: .....TDA7385

## Others:

ST-BY, MUTE: .....goldpin connector 1×3pin + jumper

IN1-IN4: .....goldpin connector 1×4pin - 2pcs.

2-pin terminal block connector - 5pcs.

heatsink + fixing elements

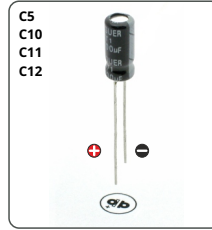


While assembling the components marked with an exclamation mark attention should be paid to their polarity. Symbols of the components on the PCB as well as photos of assembled sets may come in useful. To access high-resolution images, download the PDF file.

<http://bit.ly/2tAv1J2>

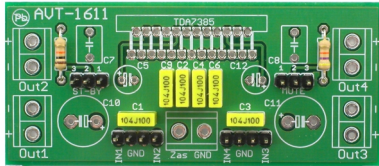


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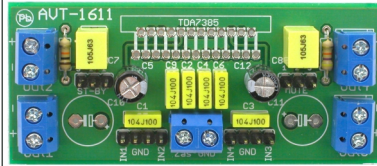


## Assembly in 4 steps

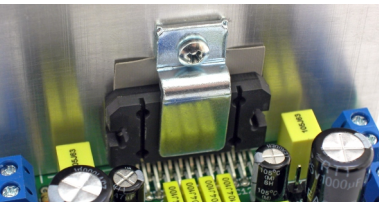
### 1 Solder resistors R1, R2, capacitors C1-C4, C6, C9 and goldpin connectors



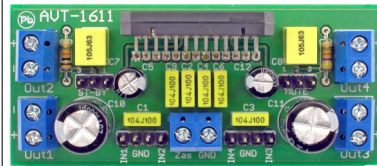
### 2 Solder capacitors C7, C8, C5, C12 and terminal block connectors



### 4 Screw US1 to the heat sink



### 3 Solder US1 and capacitors C10, C11



Start off by soldering the printed circuit elements in order from smallest to largest. The unit assembled flawlessly, using the supplied components will operate immediately after switching on the power supply.

AVT 1611

4×35 W audio amplifier

DIFFICULTY  
LEVEL











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AV1 SPV reserves the right to make changes without prior notice.

Assembly and connection of the device not in accordance with the instructions, unauthorized modification of components and any structural modifications may cause damage to the device and endanger the person using it. In this case, the manufacturer and its authorized representatives shall not be liable for any damages arising directly or indirectly from the use or malfunction of the product.